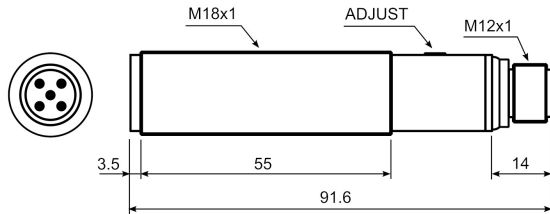
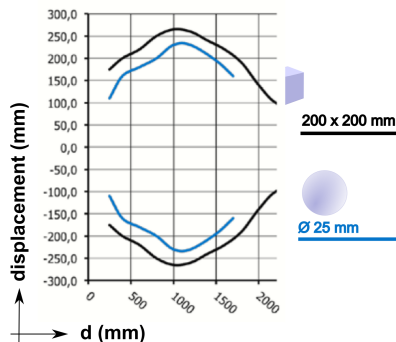
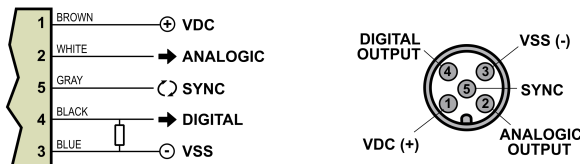
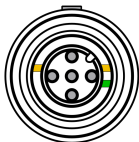


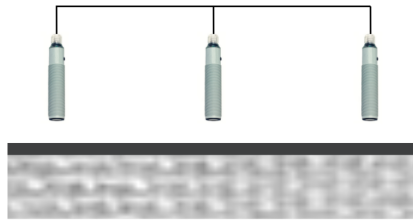


Operating principle	The sensor emits an ultrasound towards the material to be detected and measures the time it takes for the echo produced to return, converting the result into an electrical signal.
Application	They can detect objects of different shapes, colors, materials and colors, and can be liquid, solid or powdery as long as they are sound deflectors. The presence of air is essential to propagate the sound so they cannot work in vacuum installations.
Detection properties	
Detection range	200 .. 2200 mm
Beam angle	14° +/-2°
Thermal shift	± 2%
Sensor resolution	<= 3 mm
Hysteresis	1%
Repeatability	0,5%
Linearity error	1%
Analogical output	
Type	4-20 mA
Function	NO/NC
Switching frequency	2 Hz
Response time	500 ms
Digital output	
Type	PNP + IO-Link
Function	Positive ramp
Switching frequency	1 Hz
Response time	1 s
Electrical data	
Type	Connector M12x1, 5 pins
Power supply	10 .. 30 VDC
Consumption	<= 50 mA
Leakage current	10 µA @ 30 VDC
Tension fall	2,2 V max. (IL=100 mA)
Ripple	5%
Delay on connection	<= 300 ms
Status Indication	Green Led: ECHO · Yellow Led: OUTPUT
Mechanical data	
Body material	PBT. Parylene coating on the sensor end.
Operating temperature	-20 .. +70 °C
Tightening torque	1 Nm
Weight	70 g
Protection	
Short circuit	Yes (autoreset)
Tension inverse	Yes
Induction	Yes

Certificates	
Generic	CE cULus
Electromagnetic compatibility	EMC directive according to EN60947-5-2
Shocks and vibrations	IEC EN60947-5-2 / 7.4
Protection degree	IP67
Dimensions	
	
Installation tips	
Installation	<p>Sensor installation must be done using the supplied plastic nuts and flexible gaskets. In case of installation conditions on a metallic support, whether threaded or not, or using metallic nuts, both the support and the nuts must be grounded. In addition, the active part of the sensor must be away from any metallic presence at least 5 mm.</p>
Electrical connection	<p>Make sure that the supply voltage and its ripple correspond to the specified values. If the noise produced by power lines exceeds the values established by the EMC directive (immunity to electromagnetic interference), separate the sensor cables from the high voltage lines and insert it into a metallic earth ground. It is advisable to connect the sensor directly to the power supply and not to other devices. To extend the supply and output cables, it is necessary to use a cable with 1 mm² conductors with a maximum extension of 100 m. In industrial environments we recommend using shielded cables to prevent possible disturbances caused by induced electromagnetic fields.</p>
Temperature	<p>Do not expose the sensor head to liquids above 50°C, vapors, acids or solvents. In case of condensation inside the tank, wipe the active end of the sensor with a damp cloth and dry it. If the sensor is measuring through a variable temperature space, the compensation of the temperature will be less effective. The increase in temperature since start-up influences the reading of the measurement, which will stabilize after about 20 minutes.</p>
Memory	<p>The sensor maintains the last adjustment that has been made. Therefore, when starting the sensor after remaining disconnected, the last values established in points P1 and P2 will be maintained.</p>
Response curve	
Connection	
Command and signaling	 <div> <p>TB Teach button</p> <p>LD1 Output state / Teach</p> <p>LD2 Output state / Teach</p> <p>LD3 Echo / Teach</p> </div>

Operativity

Synchronism

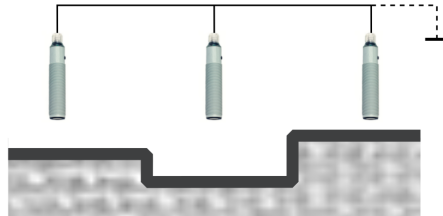


In this working mode all the sensors measure simultaneously. All sync terminals (SYNC) must be connected to each other and the system must be powered.

The product to be controlled must be flat and the sensors must be at the same distance. This is a mandatory condition for the correct operation of the sensors.

The sensors have to be individually adjusted before the sync connection.

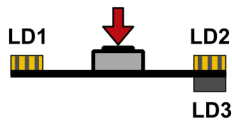
Multiplexing



In this working mode the sensors measure in a chain. All sync terminals (SYNC) must be connected to each other and also to ground (Vss). Power up the system and after 5 seconds disconnect SYNC from the ground.

The sensors must be individually adjusted before the multiplex connection.

Adjustment lock



To lock the adjustment button, keep it pressed for 8 seconds: the LEDs LD1 and LD2 light up flashing @ 10Hz as confirmation.

To unlock the adjustment button, keep it pressed for 8 seconds: the LD1 and LD2 LEDs flash 3 times @ 6Hz as confirmation.